United Nations A/AC.109/2010/L.1

General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
21 December 2009

Original: English

Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Organization of work: relevant resolutions and decisions of the General Assembly

Note by the Secretary-General

I. Introduction

1. The attention of the Special Committee is drawn to the resolutions and the decision adopted by the General Assembly at its sixty-fourth session, listed in sections II to IV below, that are relevant to the work of the Special Committee in 2010.

II. General resolutions on the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

2. The Special Committee was established by the General Assembly pursuant to its resolution 1654 (XVI) of 27 November 1961. The Special Committee was requested to examine the application of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960, and to make suggestions and recommendations on the progress and extent of the implementation of the Declaration.

3. By its resolution 1970 (XVIII) of 16 December 1963, the General Assembly decided to dissolve the Committee on Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories, and requested the Special Committee to study the information transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.

09-66564 (E) 140110

Please recycle

4. At the same session and at each subsequent session, the General Assembly, after considering the report of the Special Committee,[1] adopted a resolution renewing the mandate of the Special Committee.

5. At its thirty-fifth session, the General Assembly, on the basis of a recommendation of the Special Committee, adopted resolution 35/118 of 11 December 1980, the annex to which contains the Plan of Action for the Full Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

6. At its forty-third session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 43/47 of 22 November 1988, by which it declared the period 1990-2000 the International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism.

7. At its forty-sixth session, the General Assembly, in its resolution 46/181 of 19 December 1991, adopted as a plan of action for the International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism the proposals contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General dated 13 December 1991 (A/46/634/Rev.1 and Corr.1). The plan stated that the Special Committee, with the cooperation of the administering Powers, should:

(a) Prepare periodic analyses of the progress and extent of the implementation of the Declaration;

(b) Review the impact of the economic and social situation on the constitutional and political advancement of Non-Self-Governing Territories;

(c) Organize during the Decade seminars in the Caribbean and Pacific regions alternately, as well as at United Nations Headquarters, to review the progress achieved in the implementation of the plan of action, with the participation of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories, their elected representatives, the administering Powers, Member States, regional organizations, specialized agencies, non-governmental organizations and experts.

In addition, the Special Committee was to continue to seek, as a matter of priority, the full cooperation of the administering Powers with regard to the dispatch of United Nations visiting missions to Non-Self-Governing Territories and, with the cooperation of the administering Powers, was to make every effort to facilitate and encourage the participation of representatives of Non-Self-Governing Territories in regional and international organizations, as well as in the specialized agencies of the United Nations system, the Special Committee itself and other United Nations decolonization bodies.

8. At its fifty-fifth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 55/146 of 8 December 2000, declaring the period 2001-2010 the Second International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism, and called upon Member States to redouble their efforts to implement the plan of action, as contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General dated 13 December 1991 (A/46/634/Rev.1 and Corr.1), updated where necessary, to serve as the plan of action for the Second Decade. The updated

[1] See the reports of the Special Committee submitted to the General Assembly at its twentieth to sixty-fourth sessions. For the most recent, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-first Session, Supplement No. 23* (A/61/23), ibid., *Sixty-second Session, Supplement No. 23* (A/62/23); ibid., *Sixty-third Session, Supplement No. 23* (A/63/23); and ibid., *Sixty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 23* (A/64/23 and Corr.2).

plan of action is contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General on the Second Decade (A/56/61).

9. At its sixty-fourth session, after considering the report of the Special Committee,[2] the General Assembly adopted resolution 64/106 of 10 December 2009, in which it approved the report of the Special Committee covering its work during 2009, including the programme of work envisaged for 2010,[3] and requested the Special Committee to continue to seek suitable means for the immediate and full implementation of the Declaration and, in particular:

(a) To formulate specific proposals to bring about an end to colonialism and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its sixty-fifth session;

(b) To continue to examine the implementation by Member States of resolution 1514 (XV) and other relevant resolutions on decolonization;

(c) To continue to examine the political, economic and social situation in the Non-Self-Governing Territories, and to recommend, as appropriate, to the General Assembly the most suitable steps to be taken to enable the populations of those Territories to exercise their right to self-determination, including independence, in accordance with the relevant resolutions on decolonization, including resolutions on specific Territories;

(d) To develop and finalize, before the end of the Second International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism and in cooperation with the administering Power and the Territory in question, a constructive programme of work on a case-by-case basis for the Non-Self-Governing Territories to facilitate the implementation of the mandate of the Special Committee and the relevant resolutions on decolonization, including resolutions on specific Territories;

(e) To continue to dispatch visiting and special missions to the Non-Self-Governing Territories in accordance with the relevant resolutions on decolonization, including resolutions on specific Territories;

(f) To conduct seminars, as appropriate, for the purpose of receiving and disseminating information on the work of the Special Committee, and to facilitate participation by the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories in those seminars;

(g) To take all steps necessary to enlist worldwide support among Governments, as well as national and international organizations, for the achievement of the objectives of the Declaration and the implementation of the relevant resolutions of the United Nations;

(h) To observe annually the Week of Solidarity with the Peoples of Non-Self-Governing Territories.[4]

In addition, the Assembly reaffirmed that the United Nations visiting missions to the Territories were an effective means of ascertaining the situation in the Territories, as well as the wishes and aspirations of their inhabitants, and called upon the administering Powers to continue to cooperate with the Special Committee in the

---

[2] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 23* (A/64/23 and Corr.2).

[3] Ibid., chap. I, sect. J.

[4] See General Assembly resolution 54/91.

discharge of its mandate and to facilitate United Nations visiting missions to the Territories, and also called upon all the administering Powers to cooperate fully in the work of the Special Committee and to participate formally in the Committee's future sessions.

10. As at 1 January 2010, the Special Committee was composed of the following 28 members: Antigua and Barbuda, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Chile, China, the Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Dominica, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Grenada, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Mali, Papua New Guinea, the Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sierra Leone, the Syrian Arab Republic, Timor-Leste, Tunisia, the United Republic of Tanzania and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

III. Resolutions and decision concerning specific items considered by the Special Committee in 2009

11. In addition to resolution 64/106, the General Assembly adopted 10 other resolutions and 1 decision relating to specific items considered by the Special Committee in 2009, which are listed below. Members will wish to take them into account in drawing up the Special Committee's programme of work for 2010.

A. Resolutions and decision concerning specific Territories

1. Resolutions

Territory	*Resolution number*	*Date of adoption*
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	58/316[a]	1 July 2004
Western Sahara	64/101	10 December 2009
New Caledonia	64/102	10 December 2009
Tokelau	64/103	10 December 2009
American Samoa, Anguilla, Bermuda, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Guam, Montserrat, Pitcairn, Saint Helena, Turks and Caicos Islands, United States Virgin Islands	64/104 A and B	10 December 2009

[a] In accordance with paragraph 4 (b) of the annex to resolution 58/316 of 1 July 2004, the item should remain in the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

2. Decision

Territory/title	*Decision number*	*Date of adoption*
Gibraltar	64/521	10 December 2009

B. Resolutions concerning other items

Title	*Resolution number*	*Date of adoption*
Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations	64/97	10 December 2009
Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories	64/98	10 December 2009
Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations	64/99	10 December 2009
Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories	64/100	10 December 2009
Dissemination of information on decolonization	64/105	10 December 2009

IV. Other resolutions relevant to the work of the Special Committee

12. Other resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at its sixty-fourth session that are relevant to the work of the Special Committee are listed below.

Title	*Resolution number*	*Date of adoption*
Oceans and the law of the sea	64/71	4 December 2009
Questions related to information	64/96 A and B	10 December 2009
Universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination	64/149	18 December 2009
The right to development	64/172	18 December 2009